# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Gasoline 91.3 CBOB

Other means of identification

Product code R00000022500 Recommended use Motor fuel. Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Toledo Refining Company, LLC

1819 Woodville Road Oregon, OH 43616

Telephone number 419-698-6600

**Emergency telephone** 

number

Chemtrec 800-424-9300

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

**Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

> Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 (blood, bone marrow, central

exposure nervous system)

Aspiration hazard Category 1

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

> Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (blood, bone marrow, central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement** Prevention

**Hazard statement** 

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair):

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Chaminal mana

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substances**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Gasoline 91.3 CBOB		8006-61-9	100
Constituents			
Chemical name		CAS number	%
Toluene		108-88-3	0 - 30
Xylene		1330-20-7	0 - 25
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	0 - 9
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	0 - 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0 - 5
Naphthalene		91-20-3	0 - 5
n-Hexane		110-54-3	0 - 5
Benzene		71-43-2	0.1 - 4.9
Cumene		98-82-8	0 - 1

**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs,

always seek medical attention.

**Eye contact** Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses.

Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that

stomach content does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is

unconscious or is having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water may be an ineffective extinguishing medium.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapor is denser than air – flashback may be possible over considerable distances. The product can accumulate electrostatic charges, which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved (or equal), full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Firefighters' protective clothing will provide only limited protection against liquid contact.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Water spray should be used to cool structures and vessels. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Extinguish all flames in the vicinity. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Vapors may be controlled using a water fog. Remove with vacuum trucks or pump to storage/salvage vessels. Use explosion proof electric equipment.

Small Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Retain all contaminated water for removal and treatment.

**Environmental precautions** 

Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Reporting of releases to appropriate regulatory agencies may be required.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Consult with applicable standards such as NFPA 30, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code'.

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breath gas/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. Keep away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks and flame. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment as applicable. This material is a static accumulator. Avoid accumulation of static charges during transfers in metallic systems. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep away from incompatible material. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB SDS US

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Occupational exposure limits

# US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Constituents	Туре	Value	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.	1000)	
Constituents	Туре	Value	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
• ,		100 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	PEL	435 mg/m3	
100-41-4)		9	
		100 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
110-82-7)		000	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	4000)	300 ppm	
03. 03HA Table 2-2 (29 CFK 1910	.1000)		
Constituents	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	\$		
Constituents	Туре	Value	
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
,	TWA	0.5 ppm	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	
(CAS 95-63-6) Ethylbenzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm	
100-41-4)	IVVA	20 μμπ	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS	TWA	100 ppm	
110-82-7)			
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards		
Constituents	Туре	Value	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	125 mg/m3	
(CAS 95-63-6)		<u>-</u>	
		25 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3	
100-41-4)		125 nnm	
Nanhthalana (CAS 04 00 0)	etti	125 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB SDS US

Constituents	Туре	Value	
		15 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

## **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Constituents	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 μg/g	S-Phenylmerca pturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines Benzene: NIOSH Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH) concentration is 500 ppm.

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards** 

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of vapors and mists. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof equipment. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield and/or chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Consult glove manufacturer for appropriate glove material and

construction based on expected exposure scenario.

Other Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear and protective clothing appropriate for risk of exposure.

Contact chemical protective clothing manufacturer for specific information. Flame retardant

protective clothing is recommended.

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with Respiratory protection

respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator

limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134

and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

Not applicable. Thermal hazards

**General hygiene** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin. considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** Liquid. **Form** Liquid.

Color Clear to light tan.

Gasoline. Odor **Odor threshold** < 1 ppm рH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -130.9 °F (-90.5 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

80 - 437 °F (26.67 - 225 °C) 89.6 - 410 °F (32 - 210 °C)

Flash point -40.0 °F (-40.0 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Flammability limit - upper 7.6 %

(%)

Vapor pressure 325 - 775 mm Hg (20°C)

Vapor density 3.4 Relative density 0.74

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Insoluble

Nil to 15%

1.5 %

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

482 °F (250 °C) 536 °F (280 °C)

**Decomposition temperature** 

Not available.

**Viscosity** 

0.48 - 0.52 cP (20°C)

Other information

0.70 g/cm3 estimated Density

**Electrostatic properties** 

< 50 pS/m (Varies) Conductivity

Molecular formula **UVCB** VOC (Weight %) 100 %

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB 6/12

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Electrostatic discharge. Contact with incompatible

materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate toxic and/or corrosive gases or fumes. Carbon

products

oxides. Sulfur oxides. Low molecular weight organic compounds.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Breathing of high concentrations may cause dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and

loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

May cause eye irritation on direct contact. Eye contact

Ingestion Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

## Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product	Species	Test Results
Gasoline 91.3 CBOB (CAS	8 8006-61-9)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Constituents	Species	Test Results
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	14.1 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	9980 ppm
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3306 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (Ca	AS 95-63-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	18000 mg/m3, 4 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41	1-4)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg

Constituents Species Test Results

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 490 mg/kg

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 12705 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

May cause eye irritation on direct contact.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitizationNot a skin sensitizer.Germ cell mutagenicityMay cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB (CAS 8006-61-9)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cancer

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

**Aspiration hazard** 

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information Repeated or prolonged exposure to benzene, even at relatively low concentrations, may result in

various blood disorders, ranging from anemia to leukemia, an irreversible, fatal disease. Many

Causes damage to organs (blood, bone marrow, central nervous system) through prolonged or

blood disorders associated with benzene exposure may occur without symptoms.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Constituents **Species Test Results** 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6) Aquatic Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1 - 4 mg/l, 48 hours LC50 Fish Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 4 mg/l, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Constituents Species Test Results

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 3.961 - 5.181 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
 3.2

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 2.73

 Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
 2.13

 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 3.15

 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
 3.9

 Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)
 3.44

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment. The product contains volatile organic

compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Recover and recycle, if practical. Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner

for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration. Such burning may be limited pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water

supplies.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

Waste from residues / unused

products

Recover and recycle, if practical.

Contaminated packaging Not applicable.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1203 UN proper shipping name Gasoline

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group ||

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Special provisions** 144, 177, B1, B33, IB2, T4, TP1

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

**IATA** 

UN number UN1203 UN proper shipping name Gasoline

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1203 UN proper shipping name GASOLINE

925438 Version #: 02 Revision date: 29-April-2015

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Issue date: 02-April-2015

Subsidiary risk - Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. However, this product is a liquid and if transported in bulk covered under

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and MARPOL 73/78, Annex I.

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer

Central nervous system

Blood Aspiration Skin Eye

respiratory tract irritation

Flammability

## **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	LISTED
Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	LISTED
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	LISTED
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	LISTED
Gasoline 91.3 CBOB (CAS 8006-61-9)	LISTED
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	LISTED
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	LISTED
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	LISTED

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Toluene	108-88-3	0 - 30	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0 - 25	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0 - 9	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - 5	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0 - 5	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 5	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0 - 5	
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1 - 4.9	
Cumene	98-82-8	0 - 1	

#### Other federal regulations

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act** 

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

6594

594

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

#### **DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### **US** state regulations

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB (CAS 8006-61-9)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# **US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Gasoline 91.3 CBOB (CAS 8006-61-9)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

# Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)\*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)NoEuropeEuropean Inventory of Existing Commercial ChemicalYes

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No
United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date02-April-2015Revision date29-April-2015

Version # 02

NFPA ratings



References IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity (Volumes 1-106)

CONCAWE Hazard classification and labelling of petroleum substances in the European

Economic Area - 2010

Petroleum High Production Volume (HPV) Testing Group

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recommendations, and suggestions presented in this SDS are based upon test results and data

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Gasoline 91.3 CBOB SDS US